Data and signal line chokes

Common-mode chokes, ring core
4.7 … 50 mH, 100 … 600 mA, 60 °C

Series/Type: B82792C0
Date: April 2008
Rated voltage 42 V AC/80 V DC
Rated inductance 4.7 mH to 50 mH
Rated current 100 mA to 600 mA

Construction
- Current-compensated ring core double choke
- Ferrite core
- LCP case (UL 94 V-0)
- Silicone potting
- Bifilar winding

Features
- Suitable for reflow soldering
- RoHS-compatible

Function
Suppression of asymmetrical interference coupled in on lines, whereas data signals up to some MHz can pass unaffectedly.

Applications
- Telecom interfaces
- ISDN systems

Terminals
- Base material CuSn6
- Layer composition Ni, Sn
- Hot-dipped

Marking
- Marking on component:
  - Manufacturer, ordering code, inductance, date of manufacture (YYWWD)
- Minimum data on reel:
  - Manufacturer, ordering code, L value and tolerance, quantity, date of packing

Delivery mode and packing unit
- 24-mm blister tape, wound on 330-mm Ø reel
- Packing unit: 500 pcs./reel
Dimensional drawing and pin configuration

Layout recommendation

Taping and packing

Blister tape

Reel

Dimensions in mm

Please read Cautions and warnings and Important notes at the end of this document.
### Technical data and measuring conditions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Specification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rated voltage $V_{R}$</td>
<td>$42$ V AC (50/60 Hz) / $80$ V DC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rated temperature $T_{R}$</td>
<td>$60$ °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rated current $I_{R}$</td>
<td>Referred to $50$ Hz and rated temperature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rated inductance $L_{R}$</td>
<td>Measured with Agilent 4284A at $10$ kHz, $50$ mV, $20$ °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inductance tolerance</td>
<td>$-30%/+50%$ at $20$ °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inductance decrease $\Delta L/L_0$</td>
<td>$&lt; 10%$ at DC magnetic bias with $I_{R}$, $20$ °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stray inductance $L_{\text{stray,typ}}$</td>
<td>Measured with Agilent 4284A at $10$ kHz, $50$ mV, $20$ °C, typical values</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DC resistance $R_{\text{typ}}$</td>
<td>Measured at $20$ °C, typical values, specified per winding</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solderability (lead-free)</td>
<td>Sn96.5Ag3.0Cu0.5: $(245 \pm 5)$ °C, $(3 \pm 0.3)$ s Wetting of soldering area ≥ 95% (to IEC 60068-2-58)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resistance to soldering heat</td>
<td>$(260 \pm 5)$ °C, $(10 \pm 1)$ s (to IEC 60068-2-58)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Climatic category</td>
<td>$40/125/56$ (to IEC 60068-1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storage conditions (packaged)</td>
<td>$-25$ °C ... $+40$ °C, $\leq 75%$ RH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight</td>
<td>Approx. $1.3$ g</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Characteristics and ordering codes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>$L_{R}$ mH</th>
<th>$L_{\text{stray,typ}}$ nH</th>
<th>$I_{R}$ mA</th>
<th>$R_{\text{typ}}$ mΩ</th>
<th>$V_{\text{test}}$ V DC, 2 s</th>
<th>Ordering code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4.7</td>
<td>240</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>750</td>
<td>B82792C0475N365</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.8</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>750</td>
<td>B82792C0685N365</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>350</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>1100</td>
<td>750</td>
<td>B82792C0106N365</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>1600</td>
<td>750</td>
<td>B82792C0226N365</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>850</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>2000</td>
<td>750</td>
<td>B82792C0336N365</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>1100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>2600</td>
<td>750</td>
<td>B82792C0506N365</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Data and signal line chokes**

**Common-mode chokes, ring core**

**SMD**

**Insertion loss** $\alpha$ (typical values at $|Z| = 50 \, \Omega$, 20 °C)

- - - - - asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode)
- - - - symmetrical (differential mode)

$L_R = 4.7 \, \text{mH}$

![Graph 1](B82792C0475N365)

$L_R = 6.8 \, \text{mH}$

![Graph 2](B82792C0685N365)

$L_R = 10 \, \text{mH}$

![Graph 3](B82792C0106N365)

$L_R = 22 \, \text{mH}$

![Graph 4](B82792C0226N365)

Please read Cautions and warnings and Important notes at the end of this document.
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Common-mode chokes, ring core

SMD

**Insertion loss** $\alpha$ (typical values at $|Z| = 50 \ \Omega, \ 20 \ ^{\circ}C$)

- - - - - symmetrical (differential mode)

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$L_R = 33 \ \text{mH}$

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$L_R = 50 \ \text{mH}$

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**Current derating** $I_{op}/I_R$

**versus ambient temperature**

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Please read *Cautions and warnings* and *Important notes* at the end of this document.
Recommended reflow soldering curve

Pb-free solder material (based on JEDEC J-STD 020C)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>$T_1$ °C</th>
<th>$T_2$ °C</th>
<th>$T_3$ °C</th>
<th>$T_4$ °C</th>
<th>$t_1$ s</th>
<th>$t_2$ s</th>
<th>$t_3$ s</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>150</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>217</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>&lt; 110</td>
<td>&lt; 90</td>
<td>&lt; 30 @ $T_4$ – 5 °C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Time from 25 °C to $T_4$: max 300 s
Maximal numbers of reflow cycles: 3
Cautions and warnings

- Please note the recommendations in our Inductors data book (latest edition) and in the data sheets.
  - Particular attention should be paid to the derating curves given there.
  - The soldering conditions should also be observed. Temperatures quoted in relation to wave soldering refer to the pin, not the housing.

- If the components are to be washed varnished it is necessary to check whether the washing varnish agent that is used has a negative effect on the wire insulation, any plastics that are used, or on glued joints. In particular, it is possible for washing varnish agent residues to have a negative effect in the long-term on wire insulation.

- The following points must be observed if the components are potted in customer applications:
  - Many potting materials shrink as they harden. They therefore exert a pressure on the plastic housing or core. This pressure can have a deleterious effect on electrical properties, and in extreme cases can damage the core or plastic housing mechanically.
  - It is necessary to check whether the potting material used attacks or destroys the wire insulation, plastics or glue.
  - The effect of the potting material can change the high-frequency behaviour of the components.

- Ferrites are sensitive to direct impact. This can cause the core material to flake, or lead to breakage of the core.

- Even for customer-specific products, conclusive validation of the component in the circuit can only be carried out by the customer.

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