

DRJ50

RELIABILITY DATA

信頼性データ

I N D E X

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※ 試験結果は、代表データであります。全ての製品はほぼ同等な特性を示します。
従いまして、以下の結果は参考値とお考え願います。

Test results are typical data. Nevertheless the following results are considered to be
reference data because all units have nearly the same characteristics.

評価負荷条件 Load conditions

*入力電圧が90VAC未満の場合、下記のとおり出力ディレーティングが必要です。
Output derating is needed when input voltage is less than 90VAC.

Output voltage : 12V, 24V

Vin	Iout : Full load	12V	24V
90 - 265VAC	100%	3.4A	2.1A
85VAC	80%	2.72A	1.68A

1. MTBF計算値 Calculated Values of MTBF

MODEL : DRJ50-24-1

(1) 算出方法 Calculating Method

JEITA (RCR-9102B)の部品点数法で算出されています。
 それぞれの部品ごとに、部品故障率 λ_G が与えられ、各々の点数によって決定されます。
 Calculated based on part count reliability projection of JEITA (RCR-9102B).
 Individual failure rates λ_G is given to each part and MTBF is calculated
 by the count of each part.

<算出式>

$$MTBF = \frac{1}{\lambda_{equip}} \times 10^6 = \frac{1}{\sum_{i=1}^n n_i (\lambda_G \pi_Q)_i} \times 10^6 \quad \text{時間(Hours)}$$

λ_{equip} : 全機器故障率 (故障数/10⁶時間)
 Total Equipment Failure Rate (Failure/10⁶Hours)

λ_G : i番目の同属部品に対する故障率 (故障数/10⁶時間)
 Generic Failure Rate for The ith Generic Part (Failure/10⁶Hours)

n_i : i番目の同属部品の個数
 Quantity of ith Generic Part

n : 異なった同属部品のカテゴリーの数
 Number of Different Generic Part Categories

π_Q : i番目の同属部品に対する品質ファクタ ($\pi_Q=1$)
 Generic Quality Factor for The ith Generic Part ($\pi_Q=1$)

(2) MTBF値 MTBF Values

G_F : 地上、固定 (Ground, Fixed)

RCR-9102B

MTBF ≒ 307,617 時間 (Hours)

2. 部品ディレーティング Components Derating

MODEL : DRJ50

(1) 算出方法 Calculating Method

(a) 測定方法 Measuring method

・取付方法 Mounting method	: 標準取付 : A Standard mounting : A	・周囲温度 Ambient temperature	: 55°C
・入力電圧 Input voltage	: 100 , 230VAC	・出力電圧、電流 Output voltage & current	: Typ. , 100%

(b) 半導体 Semiconductors

ケース温度、消費電力、熱抵抗より使用状態の接合点温度を求め
最大定格、接合点温度との比較を求めました。

Compared with maximum junction temperature and actual one which is calculated
based on case temperature, power dissipation and thermal impedance.

(c) IC、抵抗、コンデンサ等 IC, Resistors, Capacitors, etc.

周囲温度、使用状態、消費電力など、個々の値は設計基準内に入っています。

Ambient temperature, operating condition, power dissipation and so on are within
derating criteria.

(d) 熱抵抗算出方法 Calculating method of thermal impedance

$$\theta_{j-c} = \frac{T_j(\max) - T_c}{P_j(\max)} \quad \theta_{j-l} = \frac{T_j(\max) - T_l}{P_j(\max)}$$

T_c : ディレーティングの始まるケース温度 一般に25°C
Case Temperature at Start Point of Derating; 25°C in General

T_l : ディレーティングの始まるリード温度 一般に25°C
Lead Temperature at Start Point of Derating; 25°C in General

P_j(max) : 最大接合点(チャンネル)損失
(P_{ch}(max)) Maximum Junction (channel) Dissipation

T_j(max) : 最大接合点(チャンネル)温度
(T_{ch}(max)) Maximum Junction (channel) Temperature

θ_{j-c} : 接合点(チャンネル)からケースまでの熱抵抗
(θ_{ch-c}) Thermal Impedance between Junction (channel) and Case

θ_{j-l} : 接合点(チャンネル)からリードまでの熱抵抗
(θ_{ch-l}) Thermal Impedance between Junction (channel) and Lead

θ_{j-a} : 接合点から周囲までの熱抵抗
Thermal Impedance between Junction and Ambient

(2) 部品ディレーティング表 Components Derating List

MODEL : DRJ50-12-1

部品番号 Location No.	$V_{in} = 100VAC$ $V_o = 12V$	$T_a = 55^{\circ}C$ $I_o = 3.4A$
Q1 TK8A65D TOSHIBA	$T_{ch} (max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_{ch} = 0.73 W$ $T_{ch} = T_c + ((\theta_{ch-c}) \times P_{ch}) = 101.9^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 68.0 %	$\theta_{ch-c} = 2.78^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_c = 44.9^{\circ}C$ $T_c = 99.9^{\circ}C$
D1 GBL206 LITE-ON	$T_j (max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 1.33 W$ $T_j = T_c + ((\theta_{j-c}) \times P_j) = 104.9^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 69.9 %	$\theta_{j-c} = 8.0^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_c = 39.3^{\circ}C$ $T_c = 94.3^{\circ}C$
D101 D1F60 SHINDENGEN	$T_j (max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 2.18 mW$ $T_j = T_l + ((\theta_{j-l}) \times P_j) = 118.6^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 79.0 %	$\theta_{j-l} = 23.0^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_l = 63.5^{\circ}C$ $T_l = 118.5^{\circ}C$
D102 RB168M-40 ROHM	$T_j (max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 19.6 mW$ $T_j = T_a + ((\theta_{j-a}) \times P_j) = 90.3^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 60.2 %	$\theta_{j-a} = 140^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_a = 32.6^{\circ}C$ $T_a = 87.6^{\circ}C$
D103 CRH01 TOSHIBA	$T_j (max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 10.0 mW$ $T_j = T_a + ((\theta_{j-a}) \times P_j) = 88.9^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 59.3 %	$\theta_{j-a} = 130^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_a = 32.6^{\circ}C$ $T_a = 87.6^{\circ}C$
D51 STPS20H100CT STMICRO.	$T_j (max) = 175^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 2.22 W$ $T_j = T_c + ((\theta_{j-c}) \times P_j) = 132.5^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 75.7 %	$\theta_{j-c} = 4.0^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_c = 68.6^{\circ}C$ $T_c = 123.6^{\circ}C$
D201 CRH01 TOSHIBA	$T_j (max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 10.0 mW$ $T_j = T_a + ((\theta_{j-a}) \times P_j) = 113.1^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 75.4 %	$\theta_{j-a} = 130^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_a = 56.8^{\circ}C$ $T_a = 111.8^{\circ}C$
PC102 TLP291(SE (LED) TOSHIBA	$T_j (max) = 125^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 0.67 mW$ $T_j = T_c + ((\theta_{j-c}) \times P_j) = 96.3^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 77.0 %	$\theta_{j-c} = 250^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_c = 41.1^{\circ}C$ $T_c = 96.1^{\circ}C$
PC102 TLP291(SE (TRANSISTOR) TOSHIBA	$T_j (max) = 125^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 2.4 mW$ $T_j = T_c + ((\theta_{j-c}) \times P_j) = 96.7^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 77.4 %	$\theta_{j-c} = 250^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_c = 41.1^{\circ}C$ $T_c = 96.1^{\circ}C$

MODEL : DRJ50-12-1

部品番号 Location No.	$V_{in} = 230VAC$ $V_o = 12V$	$T_a = 55^{\circ}C$ $I_o = 3.4A$
Q1 TK8A65D TOSHIBA	$T_{ch}(\max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_{ch} = 1.30 W$ $T_{ch} = T_c + ((\theta_{ch-c}) \times P_{ch}) = 98.4^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 65.6 %	$\theta_{ch-c} = 2.78^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_c = 39.8^{\circ}C$ $T_c = 94.8^{\circ}C$
D1 GBL206 LITE-ON	$T_j(\max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 0.719 W$ $T_j = T_c + ((\theta_{j-c}) \times P_j) = 83.7^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 55.8 %	$\theta_{j-c} = 8.0^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_c = 23.0^{\circ}C$ $T_c = 78.0^{\circ}C$
D101 D1F60 SHINDENGEN	$T_j(\max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 2.18 mW$ $T_j = T_l + ((\theta_{j-l}) \times P_j) = 112.5^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 75.0 %	$\theta_{j-l} = 23.0^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_l = 57.4^{\circ}C$ $T_l = 112.4^{\circ}C$
D102 RB168M-40 ROHM	$T_j(\max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 19.6 mW$ $T_j = T_a + ((\theta_{j-a}) \times P_j) = 85.1^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 56.8 %	$\theta_{j-a} = 140^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_a = 27.4^{\circ}C$ $T_a = 82.4^{\circ}C$
D103 CRH01 TOSHIBA	$T_j(\max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 10.0 mW$ $T_j = T_a + ((\theta_{j-a}) \times P_j) = 83.7^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 55.8 %	$\theta_{j-a} = 130^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_a = 27.4^{\circ}C$ $T_a = 82.4^{\circ}C$
D51 STPS20H100CT STMICRO.	$T_j(\max) = 175^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 2.22 W$ $T_j = T_c + ((\theta_{j-c}) \times P_j) = 127.7^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 73.0 %	$\theta_{j-c} = 4.0^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_c = 63.8^{\circ}C$ $T_c = 118.8^{\circ}C$
D201 CRH01 TOSHIBA	$T_j(\max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 10.0 mW$ $T_j = T_a + ((\theta_{j-a}) \times P_j) = 108.8^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 72.5 %	$\theta_{j-a} = 130^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_a = 52.5^{\circ}C$ $T_a = 107.5^{\circ}C$
PC102 TLP291(SE (LED) TOSHIBA	$T_j(\max) = 125^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 33.0 mW$ $T_j = T_c + ((\theta_{j-c}) \times P_j) = 99.5^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 79.6 %	$\theta_{j-c} = 250^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_c = 36.2^{\circ}C$ $T_c = 91.2^{\circ}C$
PC102 TLP291(SE (TRANSISTOR) TOSHIBA	$T_j(\max) = 125^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 2.4 mW$ $T_j = T_c + ((\theta_{j-c}) \times P_j) = 91.8^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 70.9 %	$\theta_{j-c} = 250^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_c = 36.2^{\circ}C$ $T_c = 91.2^{\circ}C$

MODEL : DRJ50-24-1

部品番号 Location No.	$V_{in} = 100VAC$ $V_o = 24V$	$T_a = 55^{\circ}C$ $I_o = 2.1A$
Q1 TK8A65D TOSHIBA	$T_{ch} (max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_{ch} = 1.45 W$ $T_{ch} = T_c + ((\theta_{ch-c}) \times P_{ch}) = 120.4^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 80.3 %	$\theta_{ch-c} = 2.78^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_c = 61.4^{\circ}C$ $T_c = 116.4^{\circ}C$
D1 GBL206 LITE-ON	$T_j (max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 1.58 W$ $T_j = T_c + ((\theta_{j-c}) \times P_j) = 112.1^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 74.7 %	$\theta_{j-c} = 8.0^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_c = 44.5^{\circ}C$ $T_c = 99.5^{\circ}C$
D101 D1F60 SHINDENGEN	$T_j (max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 2.18 mW$ $T_j = T_l + ((\theta_{j-l}) \times P_j) = 122.3^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 81.5 %	$\theta_{j-l} = 23.0^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_l = 67.2^{\circ}C$ $T_l = 122.2^{\circ}C$
D102 RB168M-40 ROHM	$T_j (max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 19.6 mW$ $T_j = T_a + ((\theta_{j-a}) \times P_j) = 94.4^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 63.0 %	$\theta_{j-a} = 140^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_a = 36.7^{\circ}C$ $T_a = 91.7^{\circ}C$
D103 CRH01 TOSHIBA	$T_j (max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 10.0 mW$ $T_j = T_a + ((\theta_{j-a}) \times P_j) = 93.0^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 62.0 %	$\theta_{j-a} = 130^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_a = 36.7^{\circ}C$ $T_a = 91.7^{\circ}C$
D51 FCH10A15 NIHON INTER.	$T_j (max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 1.58 W$ $T_j = T_c + ((\theta_{j-c}) \times P_j) = 120.3^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 80.2 %	$\theta_{j-c} = 3.0^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_c = 60.6^{\circ}C$ $T_c = 115.6^{\circ}C$
D201 CRH01 TOSHIBA	$T_j (max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 10.0 mW$ $T_j = T_a + ((\theta_{j-a}) \times P_j) = 110.4^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 73.6 %	$\theta_{j-a} = 130^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_a = 54.1^{\circ}C$ $T_a = 109.1^{\circ}C$
PC102 TLP291(SE (LED) TOSHIBA	$T_j (max) = 125^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 1.25 mW$ $T_j = T_c + ((\theta_{j-c}) \times P_j) = 98.7^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 79.0 %	$\theta_{j-c} = 250^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_c = 43.4^{\circ}C$ $T_c = 98.4^{\circ}C$
PC102 TLP291(SE (TRANSISTOR) TOSHIBA	$T_j (max) = 125^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 2.4 mW$ $T_j = T_c + ((\theta_{j-c}) \times P_j) = 99.0^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 79.2 %	$\theta_{j-c} = 250^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_c = 43.4^{\circ}C$ $T_c = 98.4^{\circ}C$

MODEL : DRJ50-24-1

部品番号 Location No.	$V_{in} = 230VAC$ $V_o = 24V$	$T_a = 55^{\circ}C$ $I_o = 2.1A$
Q1 TK8A65D TOSHIBA	$T_{ch} (max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_{ch} = 2.57 W$ $T_{ch} = T_c + ((\theta_{ch-c}) \times P_{ch}) = 109.0^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 72.7 %	$\theta_{ch-c} = 2.78^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_c = 46.9^{\circ}C$ $T_c = 101.9^{\circ}C$
D1 GBL206 LITE-ON	$T_j (max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 0.86 W$ $T_j = T_c + ((\theta_{j-c}) \times P_j) = 86.9^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 58.0 %	$\theta_{j-c} = 8.0^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_c = 25.1^{\circ}C$ $T_c = 80.1^{\circ}C$
D101 D1F60 SHINDENGEN	$T_j (max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 2.18 mW$ $T_j = T_l + ((\theta_{j-l}) \times P_j) = 112.4^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 74.9 %	$\theta_{j-l} = 23.0^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_l = 57.3^{\circ}C$ $T_l = 112.3^{\circ}C$
D102 RB168M-40 ROHM	$T_j (max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 19.6 mW$ $T_j = T_a + ((\theta_{j-a}) \times P_j) = 86.6^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 57.8 %	$\theta_{j-a} = 140^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_a = 28.9^{\circ}C$ $T_a = 83.9^{\circ}C$
D103 CRH01 TOSHIBA	$T_j (max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 10.0 mW$ $T_j = T_a + ((\theta_{j-a}) \times P_j) = 85.2^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 56.8 %	$\theta_{j-a} = 130^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_a = 28.9^{\circ}C$ $T_a = 83.9^{\circ}C$
D51 FCH10A15 NIHON INTER.	$T_j (max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 1.58 W$ $T_j = T_c + ((\theta_{j-c}) \times P_j) = 116.5^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 77.7 %	$\theta_{j-c} = 3.0^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_c = 56.8^{\circ}C$ $T_c = 111.8^{\circ}C$
D201 CRH01 TOSHIBA	$T_j (max) = 150^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 10.0 mW$ $T_j = T_a + ((\theta_{j-a}) \times P_j) = 108.0^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 72.0 %	$\theta_{j-a} = 130^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_a = 51.7^{\circ}C$ $T_a = 106.7^{\circ}C$
PC102 TLP291(SE (LED) TOSHIBA	$T_j (max) = 125^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 1.25 mW$ $T_j = T_c + ((\theta_{j-c}) \times P_j) = 92.5^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 74.0 %	$\theta_{j-c} = 250^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_c = 37.2^{\circ}C$ $T_c = 92.2^{\circ}C$
PC102 TLP291(SE (TRANSISTOR) TOSHIBA	$T_j (max) = 125^{\circ}C$ $P_j = 2.4 mW$ $T_j = T_c + ((\theta_{j-c}) \times P_j) = 92.8^{\circ}C$ D.F. = 74.2 %	$\theta_{j-c} = 250^{\circ}C/W$ $\Delta T_c = 37.2^{\circ}C$ $T_c = 92.2^{\circ}C$

3. 主要部品温度上昇値 Main Components Temperature Rise ΔT List

MODEL : DRJ50-12-1

(1) 測定条件 Measuring Conditions

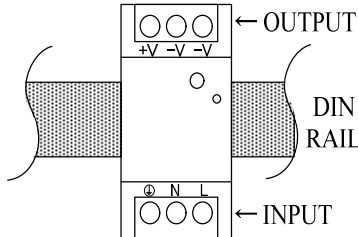
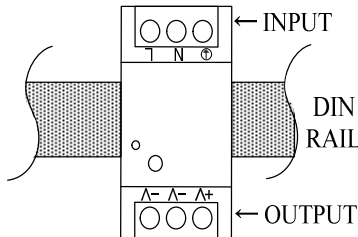
取付方法 Mounting Method (標準取付 : A) (Standard Mounting : A)	Mounting A		Mounting B	
入力電圧 V_{in} Input Voltage	100VAC	230VAC	100VAC	230VAC
出力電圧 V_o Output Voltage	12VDC			
出力電流 I_o Output Current	3.4A(100%)			

(2) 測定結果 Measuring Results

出力デレージング Output Derating		ΔT Temperature Rise ($^{\circ}\text{C}$)			
		$I_o=100\%$			
		$T_a=55^{\circ}\text{C}$		$T_a=45^{\circ}\text{C}$	
部品番号 Location No.	部品名 Part name	取付方向 : Mounting A		取付方向 : Mounting B	
		$V_{in} : 100\text{VAC}$	$V_{in} : 230\text{VAC}$	$V_{in} : 100\text{VAC}$	$V_{in} : 230\text{VAC}$
Q1	MOS FET	44.9	39.8	38.9	36.5
D1	BRIDGE DIODE	39.3	23.0	53.2	35.8
D101	DIODE	63.5	57.4	56.3	52.4
D102	DIODE	32.6	27.4	35.4	31.9
D103	DIODE	32.6	27.4	35.4	31.9
D51	S.B.D.	68.6	63.8	63.6	60.7
D201	DIODE	56.8	52.5	51.8	49.8
PC102	PHOTO COUPLER	41.1	36.2	40.8	38.0
T1	TRANS	61.2	56.2	63.2	52.6
L1	BALUN	36.7	20.2	50.2	34.5
L71	BALUN	42.4	38.6	41.2	39.2
C5	E.CAP.	27.1	22.2	33.1	28.8
C6	E.CAP.	32.3	25.7	36.4	32.6
C51	E.CAP.	53.1	47.9	51.0	48.0
C71	E.CAP.	32.2	29.0	28.7	27.6

MODEL : DRJ50-24-1

(1) 測定条件 Measuring Conditions

取付方法 Mounting Method (標準取付 : A) (Standard Mounting : A)	Mounting A		Mounting B	
				
入力電圧 V_{in} Input Voltage	100VAC	230VAC	100VAC	230VAC
出力電圧 V_o Output Voltage	24VDC			
出力電流 I_o Output Current	2.1A(100%)			

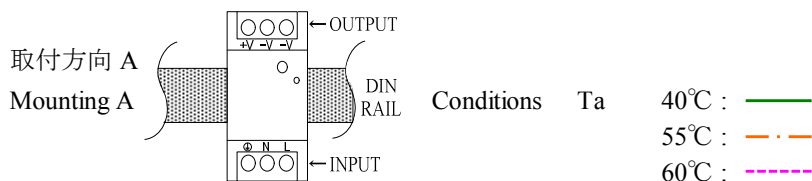
(2) 測定結果 Measuring Results

出力デレーティング Output Derating		ΔT Temperature Rise ($^{\circ}C$)			
		$I_o=100\%$			
		$T_a=55^{\circ}C$		$T_a=45^{\circ}C$	
部品番号 Location No.	部品名 Part name	取付方向 : Mounting A		取付方向 : Mounting B	
		$V_{in} : 100VAC$	$V_{in} : 230VAC$	$V_{in} : 100VAC$	$V_{in} : 230VAC$
Q1	MOS FET	61.4	46.9	54.4	42.6
D1	BRIDGE DIODE	44.5	25.1	59.9	38.7
D101	DIODE	67.2	57.3	57.7	50.9
D102	DIODE	36.7	28.9	41.6	34.8
D103	DIODE	36.7	28.9	41.6	34.8
D51	S.B.D.	60.6	56.8	55.5	54.2
D201	DIODE	54.1	51.7	48.7	48.4
PC102	PHOTO COUPLER	43.4	37.2	44.6	39.4
T1	TRANS	62.2	59.2	64.2	55.6
L1	BALUN	41.9	21.2	58.1	36.9
L71	BALUN	34.9	31.1	31.2	28.6
C5	E.CAP.	32.2	24.5	39.3	30.4
C6	E.CAP.	35.5	26.3	42.3	34.9
C51	E.CAP.	49.9	45.2	44.3	41.2
C71	E.CAP.	26.2	23.4	22.5	21.4

4. 電解コンデンサ推定寿命計算値 Electrolytic Capacitor Lifetime

MODEL :DRJ50

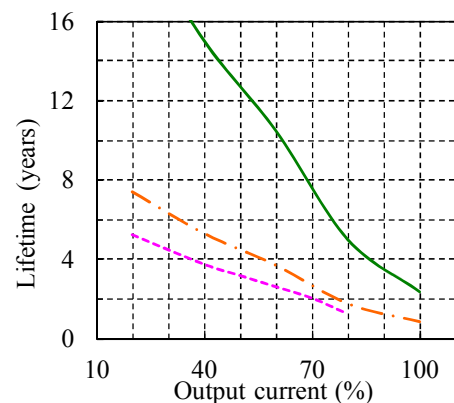
冷却条件 : 自然空冷 Cooling condition : Convection cooling



12V

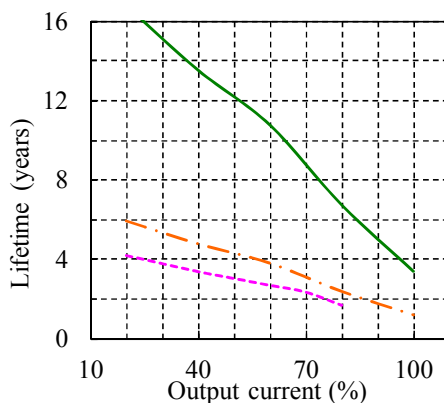
Vin = 100VAC

Load	Ta	Lifetime (years)		
		40°C	55°C	60°C
20%		20.0	7.4	5.2
40%		15.0	5.3	3.8
60%		10.5	3.7	3.2
80%		5.0	1.8	2.6
100%		2.4	0.9	-



Vin = 230VAC

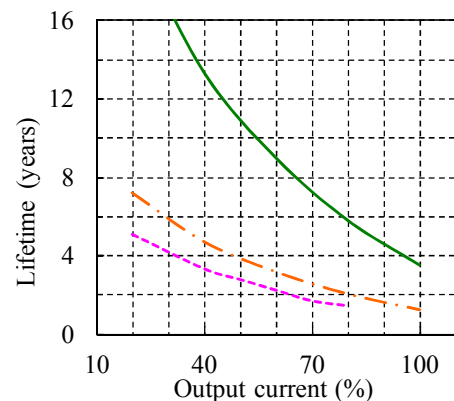
Load	Ta	Lifetime (years)		
		40°C	55°C	60°C
20%		16.8	5.9	4.2
40%		13.5	4.8	3.4
60%		10.8	3.8	2.7
80%		6.7	2.4	1.7
100%		3.4	1.2	-



24V

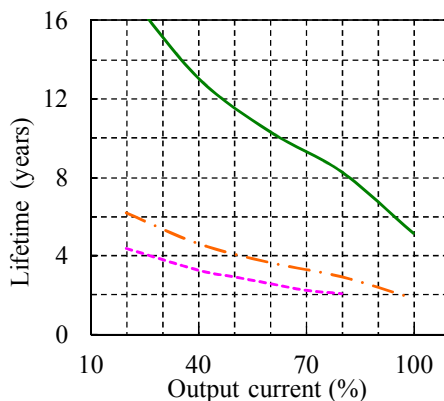
Vin = 100VAC

Load	Ta	Lifetime (years)		
		40°C	55°C	60°C
20%		20.0	7.2	5.1
40%		13.4	4.7	3.3
60%		9.0	3.2	2.2
80%		5.8	2.1	1.5
100%		3.5	1.2	-



Vin = 230VAC

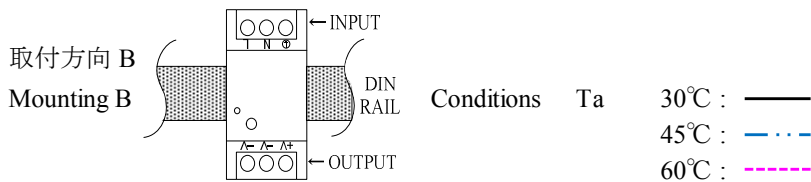
Load	Ta	Lifetime (years)		
		40°C	55°C	60°C
20%		17.5	6.2	4.4
40%		13.1	4.6	3.3
60%		10.3	3.7	2.6
80%		8.3	2.9	2.1
100%		5.1	1.8	-



上記推定寿命は、弊社計算方法により算出した値であり、封口ゴムの劣化等の影響を含めておりません。
 The lifetime is calculated based on our method and doesn't include the seal rubber degradation effect etc.
 電解コンデンサの寿命は15年が上限となります。
 The upper limit of the Electrolytic Capacitors lifetime are 15 years.

MODEL :DRJ50

冷却条件 : 自然空冷 Cooling condition : Convection cooling



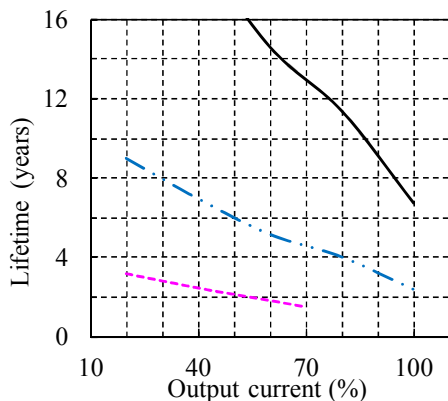
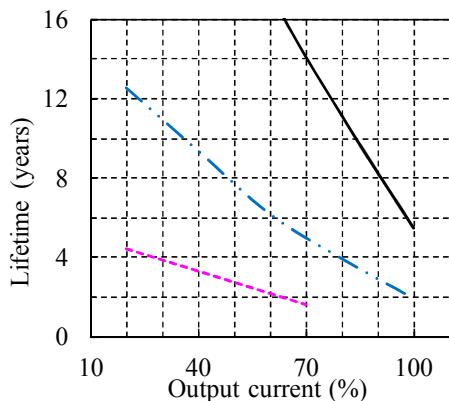
12V

Vin = 100VAC

Load	Ta	Lifetime (years)		
		30°C	45°C	60°C
20%		20.0	12.5	4.4
40%		20.0	9.4	3.3
60%		17.5	6.2	2.2
80%		11.2	3.9	-
100%		5.5	1.9	-

Vin = 230VAC

Load	Ta	Lifetime (years)		
		30°C	45°C	60°C
20%		20.0	9.0	3.2
40%		19.7	7.0	2.5
60%		14.6	5.2	1.8
80%		11.4	4.0	-
100%		6.7	2.4	-



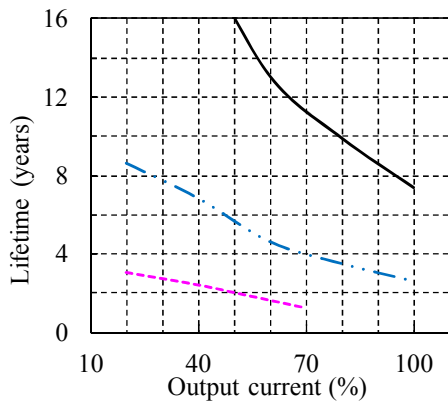
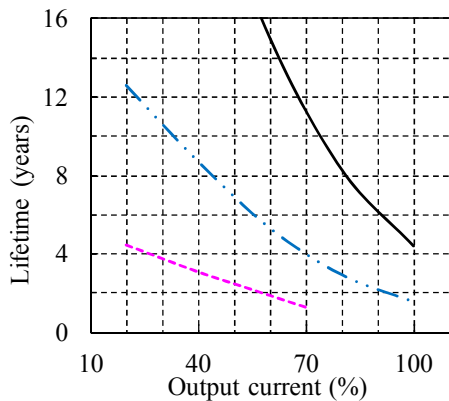
24V

Vin = 100VAC

Load	Ta	Lifetime (years)		
		30°C	45°C	60°C
20%		20.0	12.6	4.5
40%		20.0	8.7	3.1
60%		15.0	5.3	2.5
80%		8.3	2.9	-
100%		4.4	1.6	-

Vin = 230VAC

Load	Ta	Lifetime (years)		
		30°C	45°C	60°C
20%		20.0	8.6	3.1
40%		19.3	6.8	2.4
60%		13.1	4.6	2.0
80%		9.9	3.5	-
100%		7.4	2.6	-



上記推定寿命は、弊社計算方法により算出した値であり、封口ゴムの劣化等の影響を含めておりません。
 The lifetime is calculated based on our method and doesn't include the seal rubber degradation effect etc.
 電解コンデンサの寿命は15年が上限となります。
 The upper limit of the Electrolytic Capacitors lifetime are 15 years.

5. アブノーマル試験 Abnormal Test

MODEL : DRJ50-24-1

(1) 試験条件 Test Conditions

Input : 230VAC Output : 24V, 2.1A Ta : 25°C

(2) 試験結果 Test Results

(Da : Damaged)

No.	Test position		Test mode		Test result											記事 Note	
	部品No. Location No.	試験端子 Test point	ショート Short	オープン Open	a 発火 Fire	b 発煙 Smoke	c 破裂 Burst	d 異臭 Smell	e 赤熱 Red hot	f 破損 Damaged	g ヒューズ断 Fuse blown	h OVP	i OCP	j 出力断 No output	k 変化なし No change		l その他 Others
1	Q1	D-S	○							○	○			○			Da : F1,Z102,R111
2		D-G	○							○	○			○			Da : F1,Q1,Z102,R111
3		G-S	○											○			
4		D		○										○			
5		S		○										○			
6		G		○										○			
7	D101		○											○			
8				○											○		
9	D1	AC-AC	○							○	○			○			Da : F1
10		DC-DC	○							○	○			○			Da : F1
11		AC-DC	○							○	○			○			Da : F1
12		AC		○										○			
13	DC		○										○				
14	D51	A-K	○											○			
15		A		○											○		
16		K		○										○			
17	C5		○							○	○			○			Da : F1
18				○												○	間欠動作 Hiccup
19	C51		○											○			
20				○												○	出力リップル増加 Output ripple increase
21	C73		○											○			
22				○												○	出力リップル増加 Output ripple increase

(Da : Damaged)

No.	Test position		Test mode		Test result											記事 Note	
	部品No.	試験端子	ショート	オープン	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k		l
					発火	発煙	破裂	異臭	赤熱	破損	ヒューズ断	OVP	OCP	出力断	変化なし		その他
Location No.	Test point	Short	Open	Fire	Smoke	Burst	Smell	Red hot	Damaged	Fuse blown			No output	No change	Others		
23	T1	1-3	○											○			
24		3-4	○							○	○			○		Da:F1	
25		4-5	○											○			
26		9,10-11,12	○											○			
27		1		○										○			
28		3		○										○			
29		4		○										○			
30		5		○										○			
31		9		○											○		
32		10		○											○		
33		11		○											○		
34		12		○											○		
35		L1		○											○		
36					○									○			
37	L71		○											○			
38				○										○			

6. 振動試験 Vibration Test

MODEL : DRJ50-24-1

(1) 振動試験種類 Vibration Test Class

掃引振動数耐久試験 Frequency variable endurance test

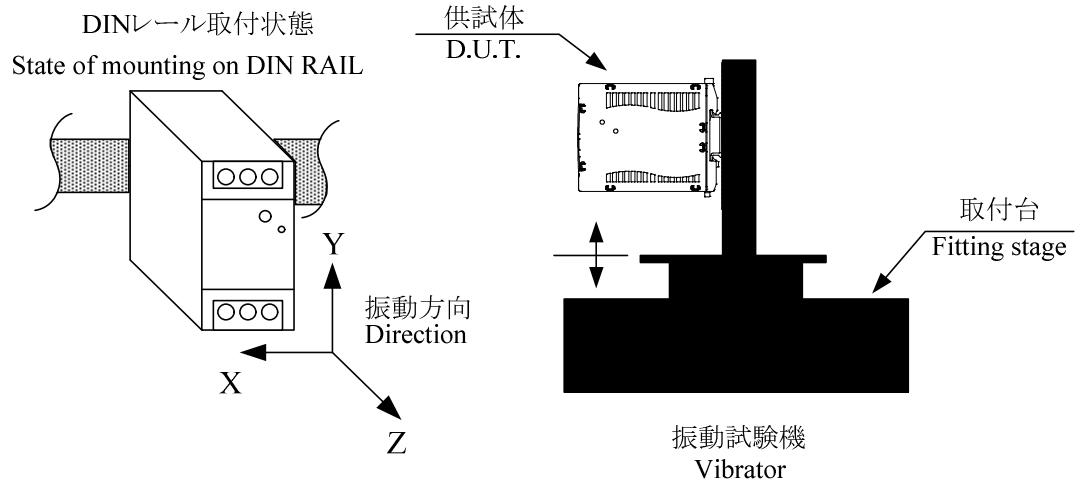
(2) 使用振動試験装置 Equipment Used

IMV (株) 製	・制御部	: RC-1120	・加振部	: VS-1031-200
IMV CORP	Controller		Vibrator	

(3) 試験条件 Test Conditions

・周波数範囲	: 10~55Hz	・振動方向	: X, Y, Z
Sweep frequency		Direction	
・掃引時間	: 1.0分間	・試験時間	: 各方向共 1時間
Sweep time	1.0min	Sweep count	1 hour each
・加速度	: 一定 19.6m/s ² (2G)	・取付方法	: 標準取付 A
Acceleration	Constant	Mounting Method	Standard Mounting A

(4) 試験方法 Test Method



(5) 判定条件 Acceptable Conditions

1. 破壊しない事
Not to be broken.
2. 試験後の出力に異常がない事
No abnormal output after test.

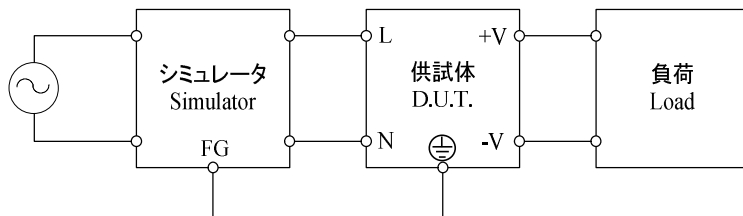
(6) 試験結果 Test Results

合格 OK

7. ノイズシミュレート試験 Noise Simulate Test

MODEL : DRJ50-24-1

(1) 試験回路及び測定器 Test Circuit and Equipment



シミュレータ : INS-4320(A) (ノイズ研究所)
 Simulator (Noiseken)

(2) 試験条件 Test Conditions

・入力電圧 Input voltage	: 100, 230VAC	・ノイズ電圧 Noise level	: 0~2kV
・出力電圧 Output Voltage	: 定格 Rated	・位相 Phase	: 0~360 deg
・出力電流 Output current	: 0, 100%	・極性 Polarity	: +, -
・周囲温度 Ambient temperature	: 25°C	・印加モード Mode	: コモン、ノーマル Common, Normal
・パルス幅 Pulse width	: 50~1000ns	・トリガ選択 Trigger select	: Line

(3) 判定条件 Acceptable Conditions

1. 試験中、5%を超える出力電圧の変動のない事
The regulation of output voltage must not exceed 5% of initial value during test.
2. 試験後の出力電圧は初期値から変動していない事
The output voltage must be within the regulation of specification after the test.
3. 発煙・発火のない事
Smoke and fire are not allowed.

(4) 試験結果 Test Results

合格 OK

8. 熱衝撃試験 Thermal Shock Test

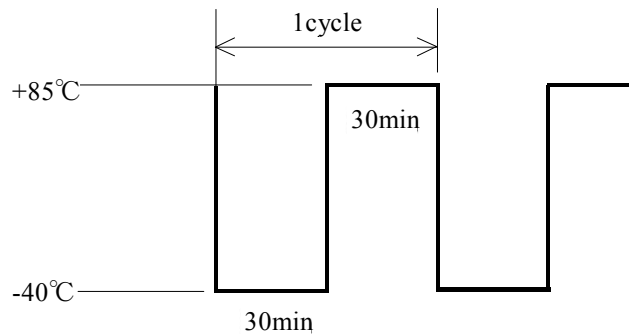
MODEL : DRJ50-24-1

(1) 使用計測器 Equipment Used

TSV-40ht : ESPEC

(2) 試験条件 Test Conditions

- ・電源周囲温度 : -40°C ⇔ 85°C
Ambient Temperature
- ・試験時間 : 図参照
Test Time Refer to Dwg.
- ・試験サイクル : 100 サイクル
Test Cycle 100 Cycles
- ・非動作
Not Operating



(3) 試験方法 Test Method

初期測定の後、供試品を試験槽に入れ、上記サイクルで試験を行う。100サイクル後に、供試品を常温常湿下に1時間放置し、出力に異常がない事を確認する。

Before testing, check if there is no abnormal output, then put the D.U.T. in testing chamber, and test it according to the above cycle. 100 cycles later, leave it for 1 hour at the room temperature, then check if there is no abnormal output.

(4) 判定条件 Acceptable Conditions

試験後の出力に異常がない事
No abnormal output after test.

(5) 試験結果 Test Results

合格 OK