

### DPX20-xxWSxx Single Output: DC-DC Converter Module

9.5 ~ 36VDC, 18 ~ 75VDC input; 3.3 to 15VDC Single Output 20 Watts Output Power



#### **FEATURES**

- NO MINIMUM LOAD REQUIRED
- 1600VDC INPUT TO OUTPUT ISOLATION
- SCREW TERMINALS FOR INPUT AND OUTPUT CONNECTIONS
- RELIABLE SNAP-ON FOR DIN RAIL TS-35/7.5 OR TS-35/15
- CASE PROTECTION MEETS IP20(IEC60529)
- INPUT FUSE PROTECTION
- INPUT REVERSE POLARITY PROTECTION
- INPUT IN-RUSH CURRENT LIMIT CIRCUIT
- OUTPUT DC-OK INDICATOR
- 4:1 WIDE INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE
- FIXED SWITCHING FREQUENCY
- INPUT UNDER-VOLTAGE PROTECTION
- OUTPUT OVER-VOLTAGE PROTECTION
- OVER-CURRENT PROTECTION
- OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT PROTECTION
- MEETS EN55022 CLASS B
- REMOTE ON/OFF
- COMPLIANT TO RoHS II & REACH



CE MARKED SAFETY MEETS: UL60950-1

EN60950-1 IEC60950-1

### **APPLICATIONS**

- COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS
- INDUSTRY CONTROL SYSTEMS
- FACTORY AUTOMATION EQUIPMENT
- SEMICONDUCTOR EQUIPMENT

#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The DPX20-xxWSxx series was designed for applications requiring din rail mountable DC-DC converters. Easy installation is provided with snap-on mounting to the DIN-rail. Internal circuits provide protection against reverse input voltage, input in-rush current, output short-circuit, output over-current, and output over-voltage conditions. A green LED at the front panel displays the status of the output voltage.

### **OPTIONS**

REMOTE ON/OFF

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Output Specifications							
Parameter	Model	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
Output Voltage							
(Vin(nom); Full Load; Ta=25°C)	xxWS3P3	3.251	3.3	3.349			
	xxWS05	4.95	5	5.05	VDC		
	xxWS12	11.88	12	12.12			
	xxWS15	14.85	15	15.15			
Output Regulation							
Line (Vin(min) to Vin(max); Full Load)	All	-0.2		+0.2	%		
Load (0% to 100% of Full Load)	All	-1.5		+1.5			
Output Ripple and Noise							
Peak to Peak (20MHz Bandwidth)	xxWS3P3		60	85			
	xxWS05		75	100	mVp-p		
	xxWS12		75	100			
	xxWS15		75	100			
Voltage Adjustability					0/ of \/out		
	All	-10		+10	% of Vout		
Temperature Coefficient	All	-0.02		+0.02	%/°C		
Output Voltage Overshoot					% of Vout		
(Vin(min) to Vin(max) Full Load; Ta=25°C)	All		0	5	% OF VOUL		
Dynamic Load Response							
(Vin(nom); Ta=25°C)							
Load step change from							
75% to 100% or 100 to 75% of Full Load							
Peak Deviation	All		250		mV		
Settling Time (Vo<10% peak deviation)	All		250		μs		
Output Current							
	xxWS3P3	0		5.5			
	xxWS05	0		4	A		
	xxWS12	0		1.67			
	xxWS15	0		1.33			
Output Capacitance Load							
	xxWS3P3			18000			
	xxWS05			9600	μF		
	xxWS12			1650			
	xxWS15			1050			
Output Over Voltage Protection (see page 22)							
(Zener diode clamp)	xxWS3P3		3.9				
	xxWS05		6.2		VDC		
	xxWS12		15				
	xxWS15		18				
Output Indicator	All		Gree	n LED			
Output Over Current Protection (see page 22)					a		
(% of lout rated; Hiccup mode)	All		150		% of FL		
Output Short Circuit Protection (see page 22)	All	C	Continuous, au	tomatic recove	erv		

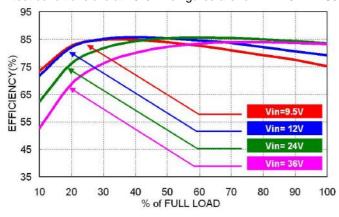
Input Specifications							
Parameter	Model	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
Operating Input Voltage							
Continuous	24WSxx	9.5	24	36			
	48WSxx	18	48	75	VDC		
Transient (100ms,max)	24WSxx			50			
	48WSxx			100			
Input Standby Current							
(Vin(nom); No Load)	24WS3P3		52				
	24WS05		67				
	24WS12		26				
	24WS15		27		mA		
	48WS3P3		37				
	48WS05		37				
	48WS12		18				
	48WS15		18				
Under Voltage Lockout Turn-on Threshold	24WSxx			9.5			
Ũ	48WSxx			18	VDC		
Under Voltage Lockout Turn-off Threshold	24WSxx		7.5				
-	48WSxx		15		VDC		
Input Reflected Ripple Current (see page 22)							
(Vin(nom); Full Load)	All		10		mAp-p		
Start Up Time							
(Vin(nom) and constant resistive load)	All						
Power up	All		100		ms		
Remote ON/OFF			20				
Remote ON/OFF Control (see page 23)							
(The Ctrl pin voltage is referenced to negative input)							
Positive Logic (Optional)							
On/Off pin High Voltage (Remote ON)	xxWSxx- <b>P</b>		Open or 3	~ 12VDC			
On/Off pin Low Voltage (Remote OFF)	~~~~~F		Short or 0	~ 1.2VDC			
Negative Logic (Optional)							
On/Off pin Low Voltage (Remote ON)	xxWSxx- <b>N</b>		Short or 0	~ 1.2VDC			
On/Off pin High Voltage (Remote OFF)	<u> </u>		Open or 3	~ 12VDC	-		
Input Current of Remote Control Pin	All	-0.5		0.5	mA		
Remote Off State Input Current	All		2.5		mA		
Input Fuse (Slow Blow)							
	24WSxx		6		A		
	48WSxx		4				
In-rush Current	All		15		A		

General Specifications							
Parameter	Model	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
Efficiency							
(Vin(nom); Full Load; Ta=25°C)	24WS3P3		83				
	24WS05		86				
	24WS12		84				
	24WS15		84		%		
	48WS3P3		83				
	48WS05		86				
	48WS12		85				
	48WS15		85				
Isolation Voltage (1 minute)							
Input to Output	All	1600			VDC		
Input to Chassis, Output to Chassis		1600					
Isolation Resistance (500VDC)	All	1			GΩ		
Isolation Capacitance	All			4000	pF		
Switching Frequency	All	360	400	440	kHz		
Safety Meets	All	IEC	60950-1,UL609	950-1, EN6095	50-1		
Weight	All	147.5		g			
MTBF (see page 25)	All				bouro		
MIL-HDBK-217F Ta=25°C, Full load	All	1.619 x 10 <sup>6</sup>		hours			
Chassis Material	All	Aluminum					

Environmental Specifications									
Parameter		Model	Min	Тур	Max	Unit			
Operating Ambient Temperature	Without derating	All	-40		+78	ŝ			
	With derating	All	+78		+99	C			
Storage Temperature		All	-40		105	°C			
Relative Humidity		All	5		95	% RH			
Thermal Shock		All	MIL-STD-810F						
Vibration		All	IEC60068-2-6						

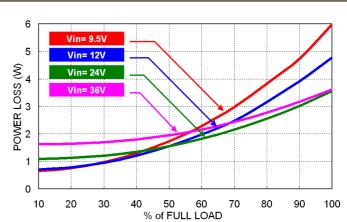
EMC Characteristics							
Characteristic	Standard	Standard Condition					
EMI	EN55022	Module stand-alone	Class B				
ESD	EN61000-4-2	Air ±8kV	Perf. Criteria A				
		Contact ±6kV	Fen. Cintena A				
Radiated Immunity	EN61000-4-3	10V/m	Perf. Criteria A				
Fast Transient (see page 24)	EN61000-4-4	±2kV	Perf. Criteria A				
Surge (see page 24)	EN61000-4-5	±0.5kV	Perf. Criteria A				
Conducted Immunity	EN61000-4-6	10V r.m.s	Perf. Criteria A				
Power Frequency Magnetic Field	EN61000-4-8	100A/m continuous; 1000A/m 1 second	Perf. Criteria A				

### DPX20-xxWSxx

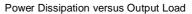


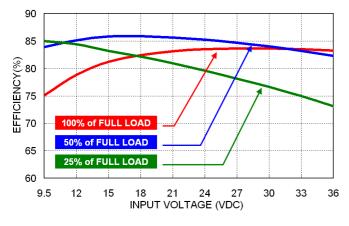
Characteristic Curves

All test conditions are at 25°C. The figures are for DPX20-24WS3P3

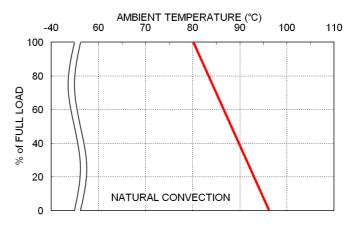


Efficiency versus Output Load



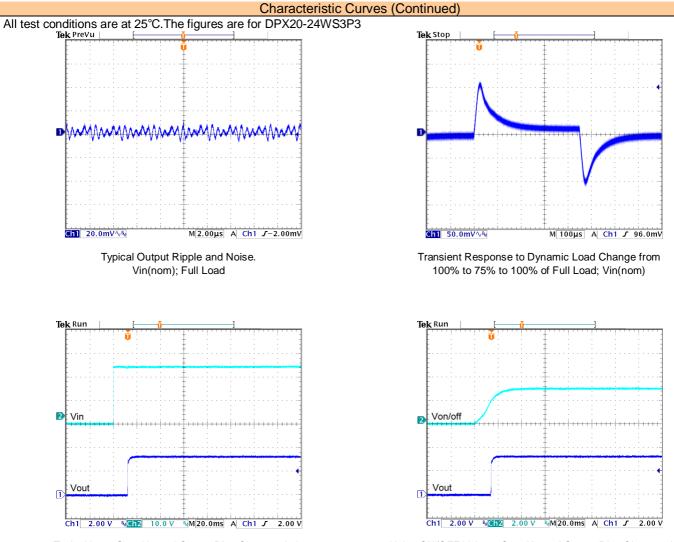


Efficiency versus Input Voltage



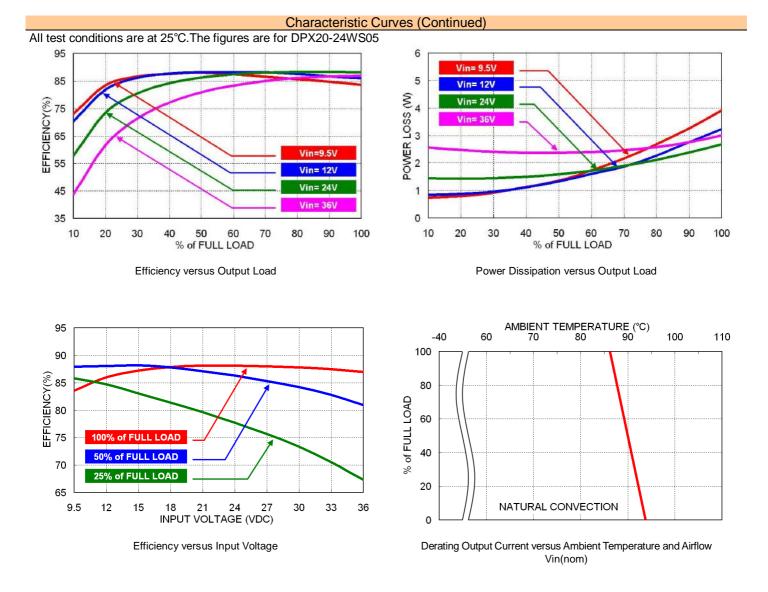
Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow Vin(nom)

### DPX20-xxWSxx

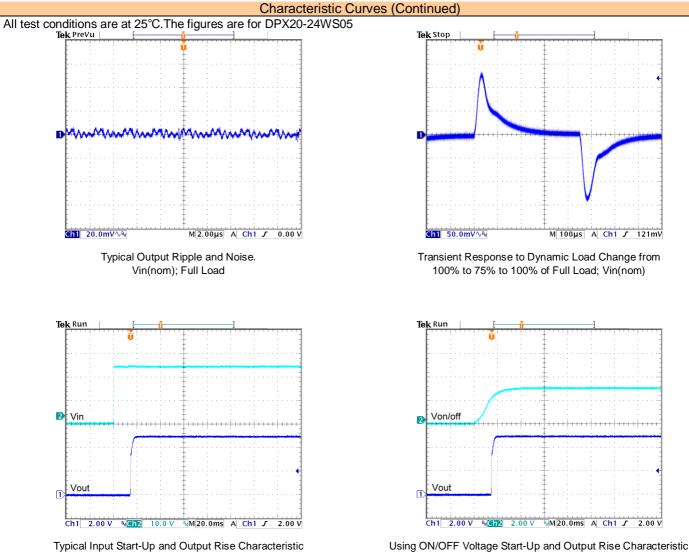


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic Vin(nom); Full Load

Using ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic Vin(nom); Full Load



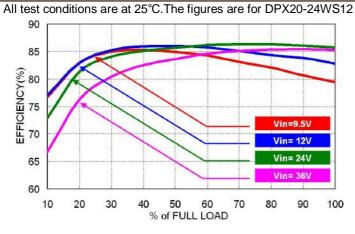
### DPX20-xxWSxx

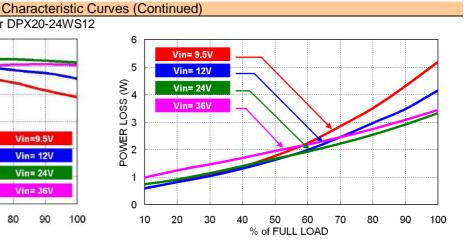


Гурісаl Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteris Vin(nom); Full Load

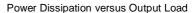
Jsing ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic Vin(nom); Full Load

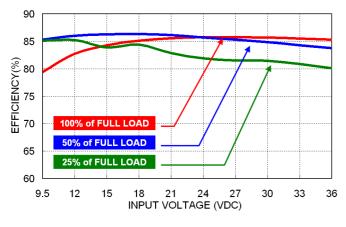
### DPX20-xxWSxx



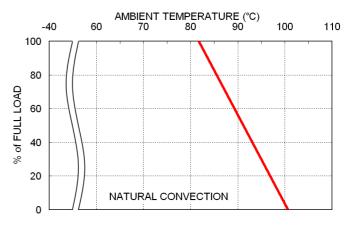


Efficiency versus Output Load

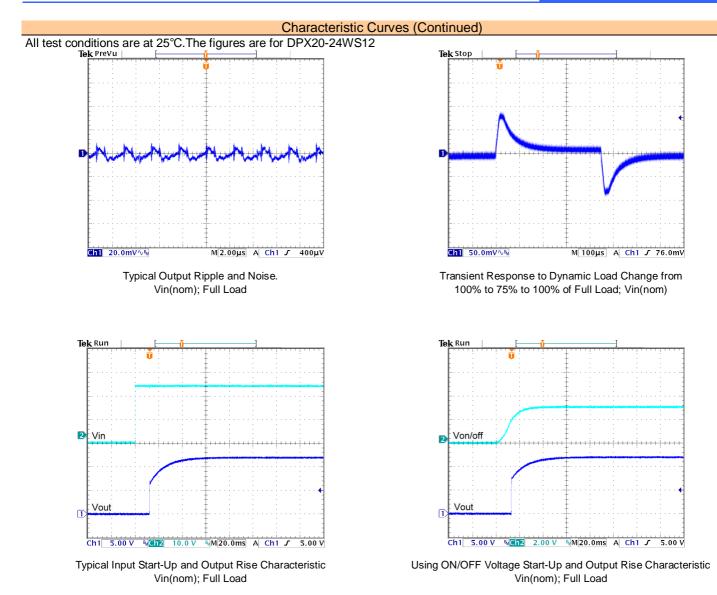


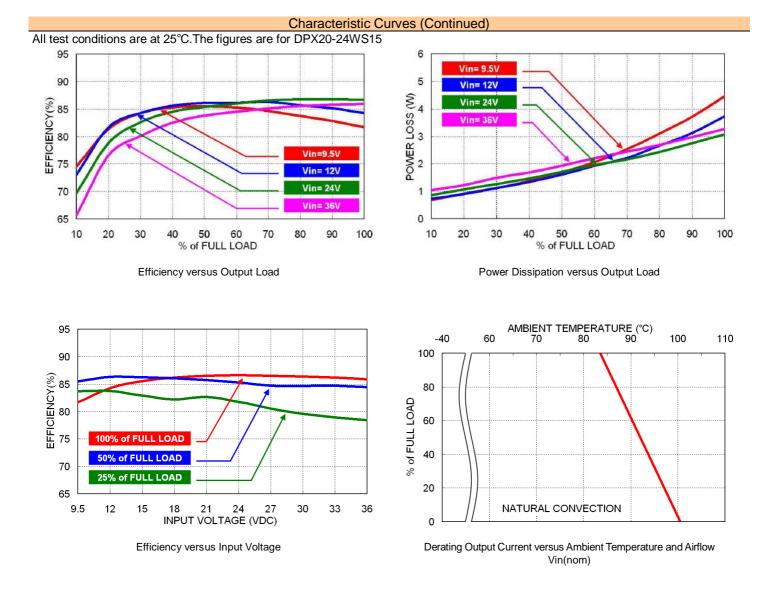


Efficiency versus Input Voltage



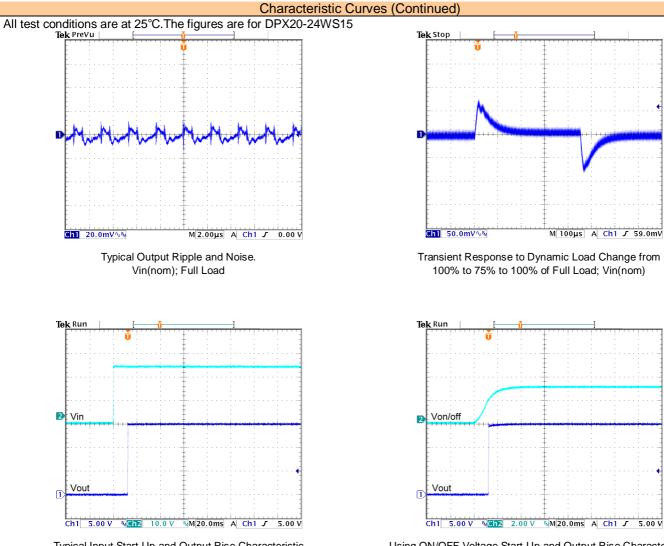
Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow Vin(nom)





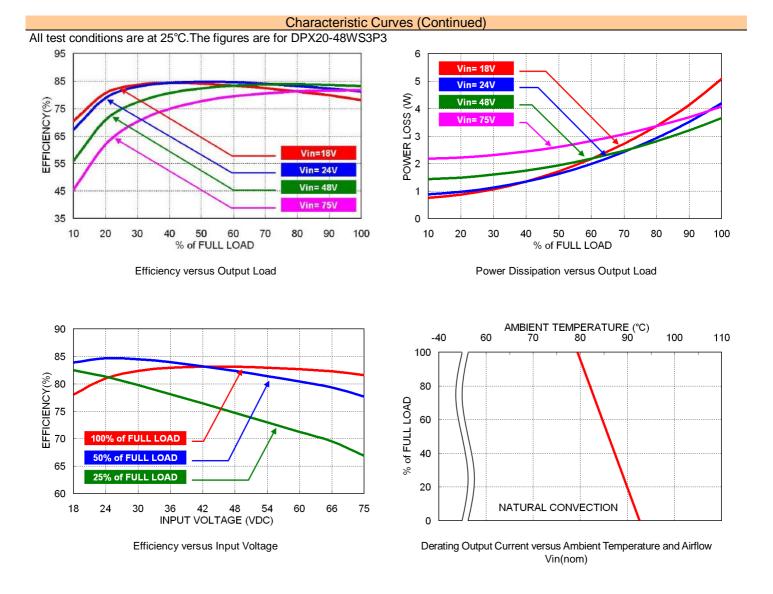
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### DPX20-xxWSxx

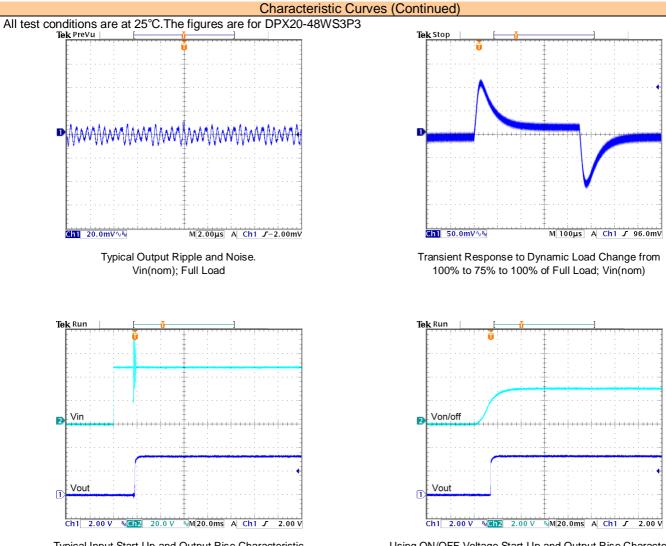


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic Vin(nom); Full Load

Using ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic Vin(nom); Full Load

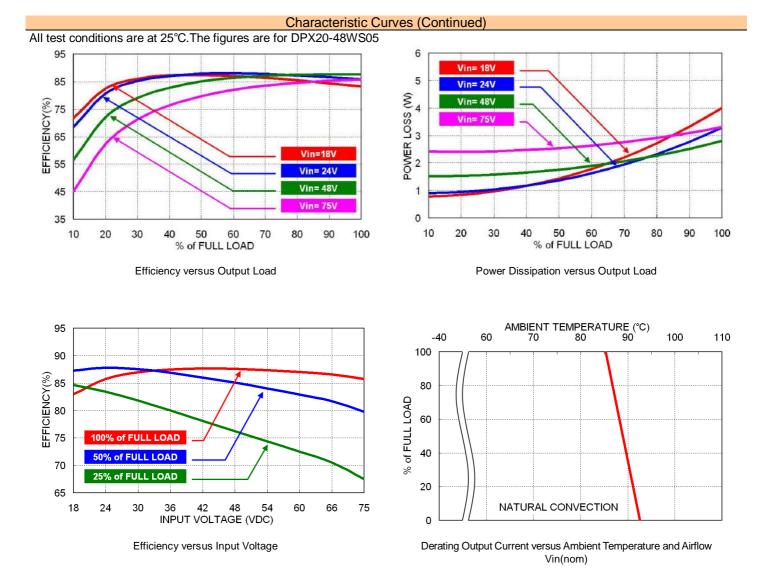


### DPX20-xxWSxx

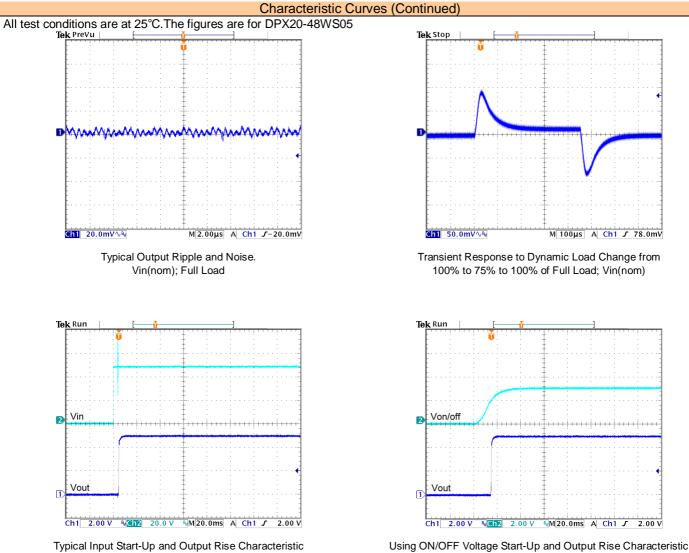


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic Vin(nom); Full Load

Using ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic Vin(nom); Full Load



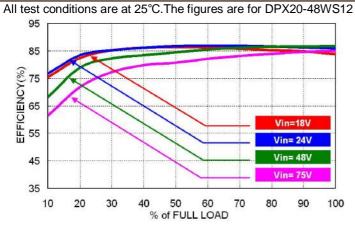
### DPX20-xxWSxx



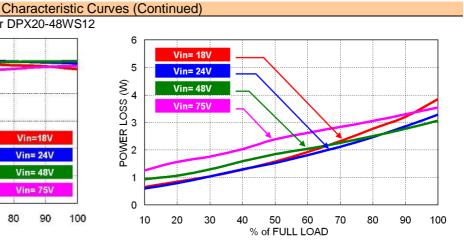
Vin(nom); Full Load

Using ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic Vin(nom); Full Load

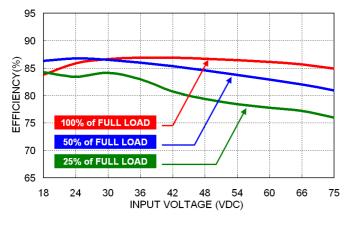
### DPX20-xxWSxx



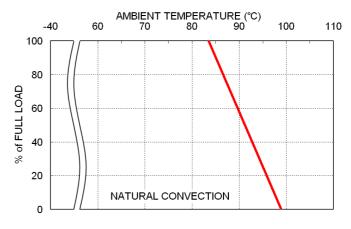




Power Dissipation versus Output Load

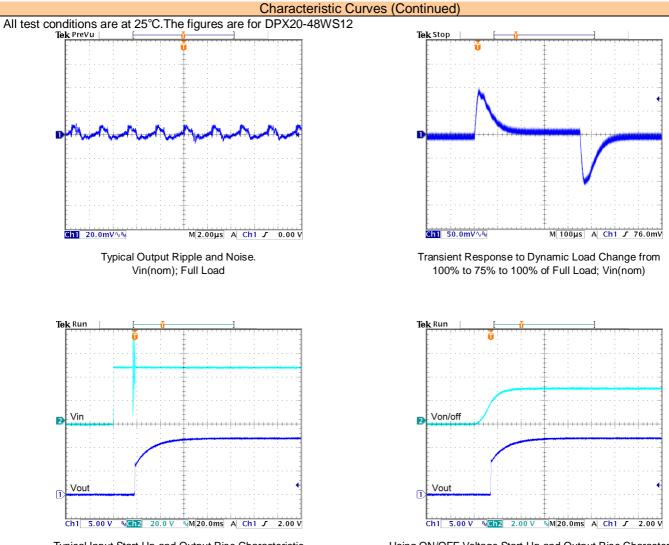


Efficiency versus Input Voltage



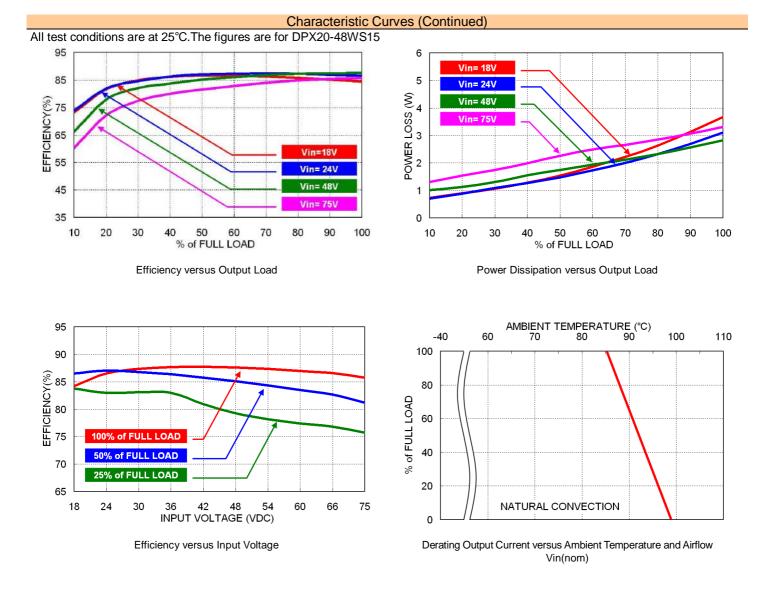
Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow Vin(nom)

### DPX20-xxWSxx

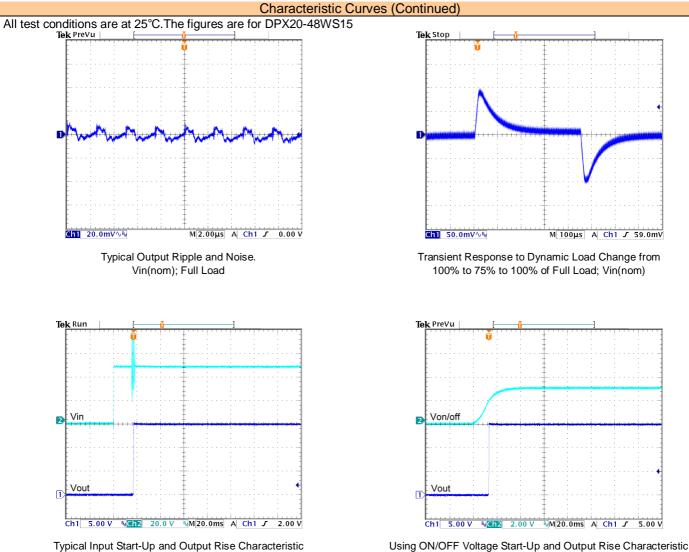


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic Vin(nom); Full Load

Using ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic Vin(nom); Full Load



### DPX20-xxWSxx



Vin(nom); Full Load

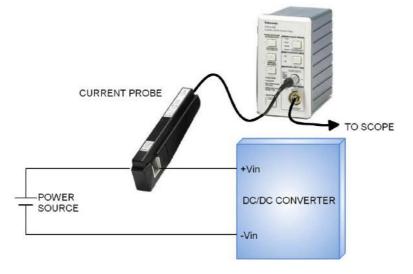
Jsing ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic Vin(nom); Full Load



#### Input Source Impedance

The power module should be connected to a low impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedance can affect the stability of the power module. The test configuration for the input reflected-ripple current measurement is shown below:

#### Input reflected-ripple current measurement setup



#### Output Over Current Protection

When excessive output currents occur in the system, circuit protection is required on all power supplies. Normally, overload current is maintained at approximately 150 percent of rated current for DPX20-xxWSxx series.

Hiccup-mode is a method of operation in a power supply whose purpose is to protect the power supply from being damaged during an over-current fault condition. It also enables the power supply to restart when the fault is removed. There are other ways of protecting the power supply when it is over-loaded, such as the maximum current limiting or current fold-back methods.

One of the problems resulting from over current is that excessive heat may be generated in power devices; especially MOSFET and Schottky diodes and the temperature of those devices may exceed their specified limits. A protection mechanism has to be used to prevent those power devices from being damaged.

The operation of hiccup is as follows. When the current sense circuit sees an over-current event, the controller shuts off the power supply for a given time and then tries to start up the power supply again. If the over-load condition has been removed, the power supply will start up and operate normally; otherwise, the controller will see another over-current event and shut off the power supply again, repeating the previous cycle. Hiccup operation has none of the drawbacks of the other two protection methods, although its circuit is more complicated because it requires a timing circuit. The excess heat due to overload lasts for only a short duration in the hiccup cycle, hence the junction temperature of the power devices is much lower.

The hiccup operation can be done in various ways. For example, one can start hiccup operation any time an over-current event is detected; or prohibit hiccup during a designated start-up is usually larger than during normal operation and it is easier for an over-current event is detected; or prohibit hiccup during a designated start-up interval (usually a few milliseconds). The reason for the latter operation is that during start-up, the power supply needs to provide extra current to charge up the output capacitor. Thus the current demand during start-up is usually larger than during normal operation and it is easier for an over-current event to occur. If the power supply starts to hiccup once there is an over-current, it might never start up successfully. Hiccup mode protection will give the best protection for a power supply against over current situations, since it will limit the average current to the load at a low level, so reducing power dissipation and case temperature in the power devices.

#### **Output Short Circuit Protection**

During an output short circuit, the converter shuts down. The average current during this condition will be very low.

#### **Output Over Voltage Protection**

The output over-voltage protection consists of output Zener diode that monitors the voltage on the output terminals. If the voltage on the output terminals exceeds the over-voltage protection threshold, then the Zener diode clamps the output voltage.

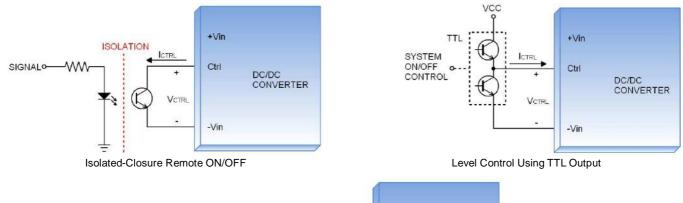
Continuous and auto-recovery mode.

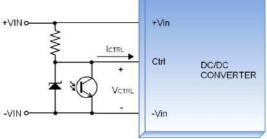
### DPX20-xxWSxx

Remote On/off Control

The Ctrl Pin is used to turn the DC/DC power module on and off. The user must use a switch to control the logic voltage (high or low) level of the pin referenced to -Vin. The switch can be an open collector transistor, FET, or Photo-Coupler. The switch must be capable of sinking up to 1 mA at low-level logic voltage. A High-level logic of the Ctrl pin signal should be limited to a maximum voltage of 12V and a maximum current of 0.5 mA.

#### Remote ON/OFF Implementation

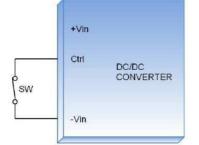




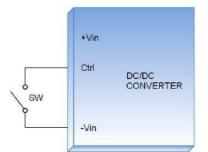
Level Control Using Line Voltage

#### There are two remote control options available, positive logic (optional) and negative logic (optional).

a. The positive logic structure turns on the DC/DC module when the Ctrl pin is at a high-logic level and turns the module off using a low-logic level.

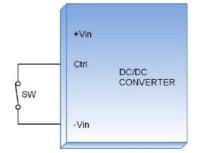


When DPX20-xxWSxx-P module is turned off using a Low-logic level

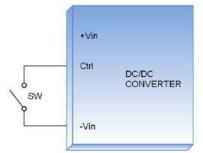


When DPX20-xxWSxx-P module is turned on using a High-logic level

b. The negative logic structure turns on the DC/DC module when the Ctrl pin is at a low-logic level and turns the module off when using a high-logic level.



When DPX20-xxWSxx-N module is turned on using a Low-logic level

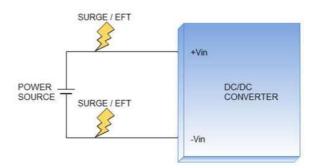


When DPX20-xxWSxx-N module is turned off using a High-logic level

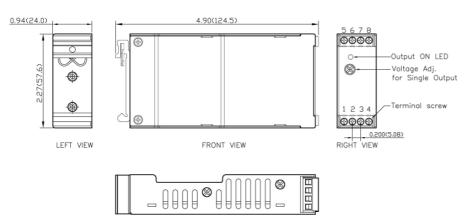
### DPX20-xxWSxx

#### **EMS** Considerations

The DPX20-xxWSxx series can meet Fast Transient EN61000-4-4 and Surge EN61000-4-5 performance criteria A. Please see the following schematic:



#### **Mechanical Data**



BOTTOM VIEW

#### PINOUT

2

PIN	FUNCTION
1	Ctrl
2	-Vin
3	-Vin
4	+Vin
5	NC
6	-Vout
7	+Vout
8	NC
* NC : I	No Connection

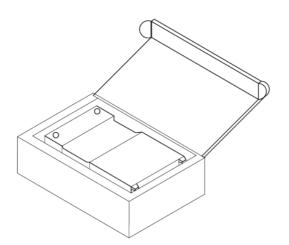
\* Screw terminals-wire range from 14 to 18 AWG

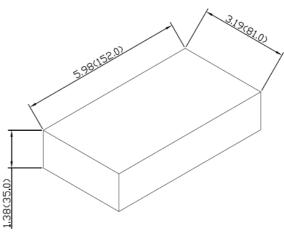
1. All dimensions in inch (mm)

Tolerance : X.XX±0.02 (X.X±0.5) X.XXX±0.01 (X.XX±0.25)

3. Terminal screw locked torque : MAX 2.5kgf—cm (0.25N—m)

#### Packaging Information





1PCS / BOX All dimensions in mm

#### Part Number Structure

DPX20 -	48W	S	05	- x
Series Name	Input Voltage (VDC)	Output Quantity	Output Voltage (VDC)	Remote Control Option
	<b>24:</b> 9.5~36 <b>48:</b> 18~75	S: Single	<b>3P3:</b> 3.3 <b>05:</b> 5	P: Positive logic N: Negative logic
			<b>12:</b> 12 <b>15:</b> 15	

Model Number	Input Range	Output Voltage	Output Current @Full Load	Input Current @ No Load	Efficiency	Maximum Capacitor Load
	VDC	VDC	А	mA	%	μF
DPX20-24WS3P3	9.5 ~ 36	3.3	5.5	52	83	18000
DPX20-24W S05	9.5 ~ 36	5	4	67	86	9600
DPX20-24WS12	9.5 ~ 36	12	1.67	26	84	1650
DPX20-24WS15	9.5 ~ 36	15	1.33	27	84	1050
DPX20-48WS3P3	18 ~ 75	3.3	5.5	37	83	18000
DPX20-48W S05	18 ~ 75	5	4	37	86	9600
DPX20-48WS12	18 ~ 75	12	1.67	18	85	1650
DPX20-48WS15	18 ~ 75	15	1.33	18	85	1050

MTBF and Reliability

The MTBF for DPX20-xxWSxx series of DC/DC converters has been calculated using

MIL-HDBK-217F @ full load, operating temperature at 25°C. The resulting figure for MTBF is 1.619 × 10<sup>6</sup> hours.