

TDK Component Library for Keysight PathWave ADS

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Caution

Applicable condition

The parameters in this library are obtained under the condition of 25°C, no DC bias (excepting the DC bias model and the DC superimposition model), and small signal operation. Proper result might not be obtained if your condition is different from the above one.

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About this library

• Feature of this library

- The actual property of components can be taken into your circuit simulation because equivalent circuit model that considers inner structure of a part and material property is used.
- Artwork data (recommended pcb pattern) of parts are included
- Easy operation like standard ADS components.
- Both palette list and component library are used to put components.
- \circ Discrete optimize can be used.
- Regarding capacitor and inductor for RF circuit, the models considering tolerance of the part are included
- The DC superimposition characteristics of power-use inductors and the DC bias characteristics of high dielectric constant type ceramic chip capacitors can be simulated.

Supported ADS versions

This library can be used with ADS2004A or latter versions. However, this library might not be used depending on a simulation environment. Please acknowledge it beforehand.

• Contents in this document

This document is described assuming the following environment.

 \circ OS: Windows 10

• ADS: ADS2020

On different OS or ADS versions, screen display and/or operation procedure may not correspond to the contents of this document. Please acknowledge it beforehand.



About the model included in the library

• Abstract of the model, and model for each product

5 types of model are included in this library. The followings describes the abstract of each model type, and the model use<u>d in each product.</u>

model type	frequency model	tolerance model	DC superimposition model	DC bias model	voltage-current model
modeled property	•frequency characteristics	 frequency characteristics min. and max. values for inductance/capacitance 	 frequency characteristics DC current dependence of inductance 	 frequency characteristics DC voltage dependence of capacitance 	 frequency characteristics voltage-current property of impedance
example of icons	ток • ПС-• MLF 1005	Трк∎ ⊷∩тс⊶ МН@ 0603Р	ТОК⊡ ,, MLР 1608	CGA3 X7R	AVRM 0603

product/type		model type	
multilayer ceramic	temperature compensation type	tolerance model	
chip capacitor	high dielectric type	DC bias model	
	for high frequency circuit	tolerance model	
in duct and	for standard circuit	DC superimposition model	
Inductors	for decoupling circuit	<pre>/frequency model(*)</pre>	
	for power circuit	DC superimposition model	
	chip beads	frequency model	
3-t	erminal filters		
comn	non mode filters		
	varistors	voltage-current model	
ch	ip protectors		
pulse transformers		frequency model	



How to setup

• Preparation of the library file

Unzip the library data file (e.g. tdk_library_for_ads_v202207.zip) and save it at any directory.

Adding the library to an existing workspace

- 1) Open a workspace and select Manage Favorite Design Kits... from DesignKits menu.
- 2) Click the Add Design Kit from Favorite button.
- 3) Put a check mark at the library to be used. If the library is not listed, click the Add User Favorite Library/PDKs and select the lib.defs file that is in the unzipped folder.

Advanced Design System 2020 (Main)	Manage Libraries	×	Add Library To Workspace X	
File View Options Tools Window DesignKits DesignGuide Help	Libraries and library definition files used by this workspace.		Add ADS, Site, or User Favorite PDKs, libraries, & library definition files into the workspace.	
Image For the second	Libraries and library definition files used by this workspace. Name Path Mode ✓ M lib.defs C¥MyWorkspace_wrk¥lib.defs → analog_rf.defs \$HPEESOF_DIR¥oalibs¥analog_rf.defs → dsp.defs \$HPEESOF_DIR¥oalibs¥adsp.defs MyLibrary_lit2)*CHickbAdd Design Kit*from Favorites. Add Library Definition File_ Add Design Kit from Favorites. Close Help	e	Add ADS, Site, or User Favorite PDKs, libraries, & library definition files into the workspace.	
			Library/PDK and select <i>lib.defs</i> file.	

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How to use the library (1)

• Putting a component from Palette List

- 1) Palette group of TDK components is added in component palette list after installation.
- 2) Click a palette of component to be used and put a symbol on the schematic.
- 3) Double-click the symbol of the component and open the component setting window. Select a part on the dropdown list of the setting window.
- 4) An Netlist Include Component is necessary to use TDK components. Click the palette of the Component and put it on the schematic.



How to use the library (2)

- Putting a component from Component Library
 - 1) Click the icon of Display Component Library List and open the Component Library window.
 - 2) Click a component to be used and put a symbol on the schematic.
 - 3) An Netlist Include Component is necessary to use TDK components. Click the component and put it on the schematic.





How to use the library (3)

• Discrete optimize

- 1) Select Discrete Optimize setting listed in the last of the dropdown list in the component setting window.
- 2) Set Minimum, Nominal, and Maximum and start simulation.
- 3) A result of optimization is shown with a format of "<instance name>.Name = <index value>" in a status window.
- 4) Instance name corresponds to the one that is shown in a schematic window. Index value of components are shown in left side of the dropdown list in the component setting window. Get TDK part number that corresponds to the index value from the list.

Edit Instance Parameters × Library name: TDK_Component_Library_v2019.10 Cell name: TDK_CGA1C0G Swap Component View name: symbol Instance name: C1 1) Discrete Optimize setting	Image: specific sympletic	Edit Instance Parameters X Library name: TDK_Component_Library_v2019.10 Cell name: TDK_CGA1000 Swap Component View name: www.bell Instance pame O1
Select Parameter Parameter Entry Mode	Instance name	Select Parameter Parameter Entry Mode
PartNo=CGA1A2C0G1H150J030BA, CGA1A2C0G1H(Discrete Optimize Settings	Instance nume	PartNo=CGA1A2C0G1H150J030BA, CGA1A2C0G1H(Discrete Optimize Settings
PartNo Nominal Vake @CGA1A2C0G1H010C030BA, C=1pF, Tolerance=+/-025pF • Minimum Vake @CGA1A2C0G1H010C030BA, C=1pF, Tolerance=+/-025pF • Maximum Vake §32CGA1A2C0G1H010C030BA, C=100pF, Tolerance=+/-025pF • Maximum Vake §32CGA1A2C0G1H010C030BA, C=100pF, Tolerance=+/-025pF • Maximum Vake §32CGA1A2C0G1H010C030BA, C=100pF, Tolerance=+/-025pF • Maximum Vake §32CGA1A2C0G1H010C030BA, C=10F, Tolerance=+/-025pF • Maximum Vake §32CGA1A2C0G1H010C030BA, C=10pF, Tolerance=+/-025pF • Maximum Vake §32CGA1A2C0G1H010C030BA, C=10pF, Tolerance=+/-025pF • Maximum Vake §32CGA1A2C0G1H010C030BA, C=10F, Tolerance=+/-025pF • Maximum Vake §32CGA1A2C0G1H010C030BA, C=10F, Tolerance=+/-025pF • Maximum Vake §32CGA1A2C0G1H010C030BA, C=10pF, Tolerance=+/-5% • Maximum Vake §32CGA1A2C0G1E101J030BA, C=100pF, Tolerance=+/-5% • Maximum Vake Saccordata2C0G1E101J030BA, C=100pF, Tolerance=+/-5% • Maximum Vake Saccordata2C0G1A2C0G1E101J030BA, C=100pF, Tolerance=+/-5% • Maximum Vake Maximum	<pre>Status / Summary hpeesofaim (*) 510.shp Jul 22 2019, MINT version 5 (64-bit windows built: Mon Jul 22, 2019 22:53:59 +0000) OPTIM Optiml[1] <mylibrary_lib:cell_1:schematic> optIter=(0->N) SP Optiml[1].SP1[0] <mylibrary_lib:cell_1:schematic> optIter=0 freq=(100 kHz-> Iteration/Trial #0: CurrentEF: 0 Optimlization variables: Cl.PartNo = 32 </mylibrary_lib:cell_1:schematic></mylibrary_lib:cell_1:schematic></pre>	Add Cut Paste Component Options Reset
OK Apply Cancel Help	N Contraction of the second se	OK Apply Cancel Help
	3) Result of optimization (ex; index value=32)	4) Get TDK P/N (Read TDK P/N that corresponds to index=32)

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DC superimposition model / DC bias model

Abstract of the DC superimposition model and the DC bias model

Power-use inductors have a property called "DC superimposition property" which means the change of the inductance by the DC current applied to the inductors. Ceramic capacitors have a property called "DC bias property" which means the change of capacitance by the DC voltage applied to the capacitors. Those properties can be considered in the simulation from the library version 2015.05. The components in which those models are used have "D" mark on their icon.



DC superimposition model

Comparison between DC superimposition model and measured data



O The change of inductance by DC superimposition current is modeled in the DC imposition model.

O In the **DC superimposition model**, the frequency dependence of impedance is also modeled.

DC bias model

• Comparison between DC bias model and measured data



O The change of capacitance by DC bias voltage can be simulated in the DC bias model.

O In the **DC bias model**, the frequency dependence of impedance is also modeled.

Voltage-current model

• Chip varistor



varistor voltage V1mA=12Vcapacitance C=130pF

voltage-current property



frequency property



Both the voltage-current property and the frequency property are modeled.

simulation circuit for ESD absorption



simulated results for ESD absorption



without protection device

ESD absorption property can be simulated using the voltage-current model.

About the property tolerance model

Abstract of the property tolerance model

The property tolerance model is a new type of simulation model that includes electrical tolerance data of products. The property of actual electric parts have unevenness within tolerance of the product due to unevenness of manufacturing. Simulated result of this model varies at random within the tolerance of the product. Hence, the model can be used in worst case analysis of your circuits.

simulated results of



unevenness of property for an inductor

How to use the property tolerance model (1)

• Putting and setting the component

The property tolerance model is provided for temperature compensation type multilayer ceramic capacitors and inductors for RF circuits. (The component that has "T" mark in the icon is the property tolerance model.) Click the component icon of the property tolerance model, and put a symbol on the schematic window. Double-click the symbol, then TDK part No. and use/no-use of tolerance data can be selected in the setting window. If ToleranceData=Disable, the model works just same as the conventional model that shows typical property of product.



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How to use the property tolerance model (2)

• Setup of Monte Carlo analysis

In order to simulate property unevenness, the Monte Carlo analysis function is used. The following is an example of circuit to simulate unevenness of impedance property.



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